



# Corruption and Culture

Prof.Dr.Aung Tun Th  
9/2020



WHAT YOU  
ALLOW  
IS WHAT WILL  
CONTINUE



# CONFLICT BETWEEN COMPETING

- *“In our **culture** it’s okay to put yourself and your family **above** your **obligations** to serve in the **public interest**.”*
- **Public servants** obligation to be **impartial** and **not corrupt**
- Experience **kinship-related obligation** to **favour** family and friends



# ARE SOME CULTURES MORE

---

- **“Corruption is part of our culture”**
- Without **cultural change** cannot **fight corruption**
- Corruption **natural**
- Common **practice**



# CULTURE

- Shared **values, beliefs, and norms**
- Not **art, music, and literature**
- Make **life possible**
- **Social choice, economic efficiency, and political stability**



# TWO “CULTURAL DIMENSIONS”

## 1. From “tradition” to “reason”

- *Traditional values emphasize importance of religion, parent-child ties, deference to authority and traditional family values*
- *Secular-rational values have opposite preferences*
- *Less emphasis on religion, traditional family values and authority*





# TWO “CULTURAL DIMENSIONS”

## 2. From “survival mode” to “individual expressiveness”

- *Survival values place emphasis on **economic and physical security***
- *Low levels of **trust and tolerance***
- ***Self-expression** values give high priority to environmental protection, tolerance of **foreigners, gender equality, and rising***



# SOCIETIES

- With stronger **family ties** have **more corruption** and **weaker institutions**
- When institutions **weak** or begin to **break down**
- Return to **family connections**





# SOCIETIES



- Humans born with emotions that fortify **social relationships** based on **cooperation** with friends and family
- Modern state **organize themselves** and **learn to cooperate** in manner that **transcend** friends and family
- When **institutions break down** revert to **patronage and nepotism**



# ACCUSATIONS OF CORRUPTION

---

- Trigger **resistance**
- *Concepts and measures* **culturally biased**



# CORRUPTION



- **Many kinds**
- ***Who initiates***
- ***External or internal***
- ***Resources used***
- ***Levels***
- ***Nature of economy***



# CAN CORRUPTION BE REDUCED EVEN IN CORRUPT CULTURES?

---

- Corruption **crime of calculation**
- ***‘Will it pay?’***



# MEASURES TO CONTROL

## A. Select agents for “honesty” and “capability”

1. Screen out **dishonest** (*past records, tests, predictors of honesty*)
2. Exploit outside “**guarantees**” of honesty (*networks for finding dependable agents and ensuring they stay that way*)



# MEASURES TO CONTROL

## B. Change rewards and penalties facing agents (and clients)

1. ***Salaries** to reduce need for corrupt income*
2. ***Reward** specific actions and agents that control corruption*
3. *Use **contingent contracts** to reward agents as function of eventual success or failure*
4. ***Nonmonetary rewards** (transfers training*



# MEASURES TO CONTROL

## C. Penalize corrupt behaviour

1. *Raise general levels of **formal penalties***
2. *Increase principal's **authority to punish***
3. ***Calibrate** penalties in terms of deterrence*
4. *Use **nonformal penalties** (transfers, publicity, loss of professional standing, blackballing)*





# MEASURES TO CONTROL

## D. Gather and analyze information

1. *Improve **auditing systems and management information systems***
2. *Provide **evidence** corruption occurred (red flags, statistical analyses, random samples, inspections)*
3. *Assess **vulnerability** to corruption*



# MEASURES TO CONTROL

## E. Change attitudes about corruption

1. *Use **training, educational programs, and personal example***
2. *Promulgate **code of ethics** (civil service, particular organizations)*
3. *Change **organizational culture***



# CORRUPTION

- **Universally understood in similar manner across cultures**
- Differences lie in **variation** of what counts as **public goods** in cultures
- Not variation in whether **morally wrong** to turn **public good** into **private good**



# CORRUPTION



- *Different* **culturally tuned meanings**
- “**Scorned** everywhere in the world
- **Cultural differences** matter



# LESSONS LEARNED

- Don't focus on trying to **change** *national values and attitudes*
- Reframe **cultures of corruption** as **crimes of calculation**
- **Analyze** how **corrupt systems work** and how they can be **undermined**



# LESSONS LEARNED



- Study **incentives** facing **individual actors**, **principals**, **agents** and **clients** who *give* and *receive* bribes
- **Analyze** how incentives **nudged** or **shifted**
- **Disrupt** corrupt equilibriums



# LESSONS LEARNED



- **“Frying big fish”**
- Attaining **quick wins**
- Focusing on **few priorities**





# LESSONS LEARNED

- Involve **private sector** and **civil society** in **design, implementation, and evaluation** of reforms
- **Success stories** identified - **copy** and **inspire**
- *Defeat cynicism*
- *Overcome ignorance*



# LESSONS LEARNED

- Take **national cultures** into account without trying to **change them**
- **Anti-corruption initiatives** take advantage of **cultural contexts**
- Emphasize **religion**
- Think more **creatively** and **practically**
- Act more **humbly** and **humanely**

“Earth provides enough  
to satisfy every man's need,  
but not every man's greed.”

—Mahatma Gandhi

